# Real People. Real Power.

Harvest

# season

Corn harvesting begins soon and it coincides with peak hurricane season. Be sure you, your family and farm crews know what to do to in the event of downed power lines. More importantly, farm crews should have a plan before harvesting to avoid utility structures which starts with situational awareness. Read more on pages F-G.

#### HARVEST SAFETY TIP

Consider equipment and cargo extensions of your vehicle. Lumber, hay, tree limbs, irrigation pipe and even bulk materials can conduct electricity, so keep them out of contact with electrical equipment.



The two primary drivers of most residential electric bills are space conditioning costs (HVAC) and water heating. Thanks to interval meter reading data available to Tidelanders via the member portal, it is fairly easy to isolate these loads to see what contribution they make to both your daily and hourly energy use. In two recent cases, our energy auditors did just that. One actually resulted in the discovery of a 7,000- gallon hot water leak. Read more beginning on pages D-E.



I goofed. In last month's issue, I incorrectly identified annual meeting prize winner Jerry Prescott as Larry Prescott. It's not the first time that has happened to Jerry because Larry was his twin brother. However, it was bittersweet because Larry had just passed away on April 19. At the

annual meeting I shared with Jerry and his wife Pat that I had watched a good portion of Larry's funeral service online and how much I knew he would be missed, especially by his grandchildren. We also discussed an article that the brothers had authored for Carolina Country. The next day Jerry emailed me with the month and year of the issue. To make amends and to honor Larry, we are making the article available on our social media feeds and at carolinacountry.com.

Heidi Smith, editor



caution

Safety inspection finds



caution

Access restricted by vegetation



You might be from Tideland territory if your meter base rusts out. #saltlife



B • AUGUST 2022 • TIDELAND TOPICS • CAROLINA COUNTRY

Message to members

# Harvesting safety as peak hurricane season arrives

#### by PAUL SPRUILL

GENERAL MANAGER & CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

If you have noticed that safety is a recurring theme in Tideland Topics that is by design. Everyday life for most of us has taken on a fairly hectic pace and a fairly straight forward safety warning can sometimes get drowned out by all the other topics and announcements competing for your attention. So our hope is that reiterating safety messages that we, as utility workers have ingrained in our everyday practices, will find root in your memory and be readily accessible should you need to act.

A recent story about twin 10-yearold brothers and their 11-yearold friend who saved the life of the twins' drowning father is testament to the power of repetitive messaging. The 11-year-old performed CPR after recalling a scene from the 1993 movie, *The Sandlot*. So while we would hope you never encounter a downed power line or a vehicle in contact with potentially energized wires, we do want you to have the knowledge available to know what to do.

At no time is there a greatest risk for electrical injury or accident than farm harvesting season or in the aftermath of a hurricane. Occasionally the two even coincide with farmers hurrying to clear fields before a storm's arrival. Fortunately, the old adage "an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure" remains a proven truth. And the key to prevention is to have a plan. Plan your harvesting movements when you first enter a new field. Take note of existing utility lines and equipment. Keep in mind that electricity has the ability to arc. Direct contact is not required so use extra caution and observe a 10-foot rule when extender augers or raising the bed of grain trucks. Situational awareness is crucial, but due to equipment with auto-guidance systems and less focus needed on steering, it can be easy to loose focus of your surroundings.

The same is true for the nonfarmers among us as we prepare for peak hurricane season. The to-do list for your family no doubt includes dozens of items ranging from storing lawn items to securing boats, fueling vehicles, purchasing grocery essentials and so much more. We would hope you would add to that list making sure you have a working carbon monoxide detector, especially if you own a generator. Also, making sure you know that any downed power line can potentially be energized even when utility power is shut off due to the potential for back-feed onto the grid by privately owned generators.

While we would hope you never encounter a real-life situation where you have to exit a vehicle in contact with an energized line and remember to bunny hop away, we hope like those three boys in Alabama you recall one of the many messages from Tideland. It could save your life.

# *Rights-of-way* maintenance schedule

Tideland has hired Lucas Tree Experts to trim vegetative growth in our rights-of-way.

During August, Lucas crews will continue work on the Braddy Road and Duck Creek circuits out of our Five Points substation.

Our contract construction crews with Lee Electrical were temporarily reassigned during June and July due to the nearly 2,000-acre Ferebee Road fire in Hyde County that was sparked by lightning. They were relocated from Hyde Park Canal to Allen Road and Fentress Farm Road in Maribel.

South of the Pamlico River, Lee crews will be working on the Merritt circuit out of our Silver Hill substation. Work will be concentrated in the Maribel community.

Meter safety inspections continue. Our contractor, Bellwether Management Solutions, has now completed site visits for the following substations:

• Pantego, Sidney, Ponzer and Plymouth

At press time, inspections were being wrapped up on the Five Points substation circuits before moving on to the Washington substation.

Osmose pole inspection crews will be working on the Bonnerton circuit in August. They made a brief detour during July to work on some Washington substation circuits.

Thank you for your support of each of these important maintenance activities which improve system reliability and promote public safety.

When your energy

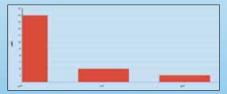
In the span of five weeks, Tideland energy auditors discovered two very different incidents of hot water problems. In both cases, interval meter readings, which are available to all residential members via the member portal, were quickly able to confirm the issue.

#### It's Getting Hot In Here

In the first incident the member was not a full-time resident and only occasionally used the Tideland served property. In December 2022, the member used 193 kilowatt hours (kWh). The next month it jumped to 1,888 kWh followed by 1,552 in February and 1,521 in March. Our energy auditor arrived to investigate on April 26.

The property caretaker reported that the HVAC system was always kept at either the highest- or lowest-possible setting depending on the operating mode. At the time of the audit, the system was in the cooling mode and the thermostat was set at 99°F. The home's ductwork appeared to be in great shape, and with the exception of a nearly empty refrigerator and a utility room freezer, there didn't appear to be anything else running.

However, the auditor did note that the water heater breaker was in the "On" position. That seemed odd given that the home is unoccupied for such long periods of time. The caretaker reached the property owner by phone so we could confirm the monthly water bill. There had been no increase in water consumption and no leak was detected during the audit. The auditor was unable to remove the access panel to allow for a visual inspection of the water heater. So the only way to verify the temperature was to turn on a hot water faucet. The auditor turned on the faucet closest to the water heater and it immediately streamed out scalding hot water. That fairly well confirmed the problem. The energy auditor turned off the water heater breaker, noted the time, and told the caretaker she would monitor the interval meter reading data to see what impact that had on the home's energy use.



As the daily meter reading chart above shows, the drop in energy consumption was immediate and substantial. In all honesty, it's amazing and a blessing that the water heater pressure relief valve didn't open up. It was likely just a matter of time.

Looking back at the daily meter readings, it appears the water heater malfunctioned around January 5 and was contributing about \$125 a month in additional energy costs.

Following the visit and confirmation of the water heating problem, the co-op created a high energy use alert for the member to nip any future problems in the bud. The member decided to replace the water heater since it was original to the home. Normally a repair would suffice. The member will also keep the water heater breaker shut off when the residence is unoccupied.

The following month the energy use dropped down to 486 kWh and even when the member visited it never went above 600 kWh.

#### Don't Go Chasing Waterfalls

The second discovery took place in late June. First, kudos to member service representative Myra Carter in our Grantsboro office for referring this member to the energy audit team. While she could see that the member's energy use was trending with the outdoor temperatures and recommended setting the heat pump thermostat a little higher, Myra also knew that the jump in the member's bill couldn't be justified given no changes in the household's makeup or consumer behaviors.

The energy auditor reached out to the member by phone and obtained the following information:

- Indoor temperature setting during air conditioning season: 72°F
- 80-gallon water heater
- One occupant
- Year-round residence

use is in hot water

The member's energy use for April, May and June 2021 averaged 713 kWh per month. For the same three-month period in 2022 the average monthly consumption was 1,611 kWh. In fact, June 2021's energy use was just 772 kWh while June 2022 was 2,357 kWh. That's a 205% increase! Immediately the energy auditor knew something was seriously wrong.

That evening, June 14, the energy auditor asked the member to turn off the water heater at the breaker for a 24-hour period as a process of elimination. The auditor told the member, "With an 80-gallon tank and just one occupant you will still have plenty of hot water." They arranged to speak the following evening after the hourly meter readings were uploaded.

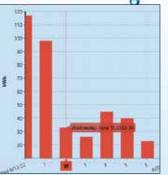
When the energy auditor looked at the hourly meter reading data she was convinced the member had misunderstood the instructions and had cut off both the water heater and the HVAC system. Why? Because the daily energy consumption had dropped from 117 kWh to just 33 kWh.

During a subsequent phone call the member said the HVAC was still on but the thermostat had been raised 2 degrees. It was the next statement that made our energy auditor nearly drop the phone. The member said, "I didn't do laundry. I didn't run the dishwasher. But I did have to take an ice cold shower." What? 80 gallons of hot water gone without any household use? Holy smokes. We have a major leak!

The auditor arrived at the member's home the following

morning and the first course of business was to look at the member's water bill. It confirmed the presence of a leak. Compared to the same time period for the previous year, water use had increased nearly 7,000 gallons.

The next item of business was to identify the leak. The water heater itself was easily checked off the list. Inside the house they checked the kitchen, laundry room, guest bath and then the primary bath. The toilet and sink were eliminated, but then the auditor heard something. She stepped into what is a fairly new curbless shower and put her ear against the wall tile. That's when the auditor heard what sounded like a waterfall.



While the homeowner initially thought the sound was coming from the bathroom air-conditioning vent, when they walked into the bedroom and listened to the shower wall again it became obvious where the leak would be found.

An inspection of the crawlspace showed significant signs of moisture due to stringy insulation, but given the location of the access door, ponding water was not readily apparent. The following day a contractor identified a plumbing defect associated with the shower remodeling that has since been repaired. The 80-gallon water heater, which was 30 years old, was proactively replaced with a new 40-gallon model. Since repairs were completed the member's energy use now averages 29 kWh per day.

#### The Final Spin

It bears repeating: every Tideland member needs to set up a high energy use alert. Also use the power of the portal's interval

> meter reading data to do your own testing, including water heaters, pool pumps and HVAC systems. Remember, knowledge is power. In some cases it could save you a great deal of power and money.

Consumption History of Water in GAL 6,000 4,000 2,000

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# ALERT TODAY, ALIVE TOMO HEADS UP FOR FARM SAFETY

Stay safe around downed power lines. Consider all lines, equ conductors to be live and dangerous.



# If the vehicle is on fire, or you must exit for other safe

- Jump clear of the vehicle. Do not let any part of your body or clothes touch the ground and the machinery at the same time.
- Land with feet together and hop 3
  away in small steps to minimize the path of electric current and avoid electric shock.
- Keep go at least 4

# RROW:



#### lipment and



If you can drive safely away from the power source without bringing down the utility pole and lines, travel at least 40 ft. before exiting.

If you are unable to drive the machinery due to injury, obstacles or it is inoperable, do NOT exit. Call for help and warn anyone nearby NOT to approach.

40 ft. radius safe distance

#### ty reasons, follow these steps:

ing until you are 10 ft. away.

- Call for help. Make sure no
  one gets within 40 ft. of the downed line.
- Do not re-enter the area or
  vehicle until emergency responders and your electric co-op crews determine it is safe.



## 1. NOTIFY

Call 8-1-1 or make a request online two to three days before your work begins. The operator will notify the utilities affected by your project.

### 2. WAIT

Wait two to three days for affected utilities to respond to your request. They will send a locator to mark any underground utility lines.

### 3. CONFIRM

Confirm that all affected utilities have responded to your request by comparing the marks to the list of utilities the 8-1-1 call center notified.





### 4. RESPECT

Respect the markers provided by the affected utilities. The markers are your guide for the duration of your project.

## 5. DIG CAREFULLY

If you can't avoid digging near the markers (within 18-24 inches on all sides, depending on state laws), consider moving your project location.

## APWA UNIFORM COLOR CODE

FOR MARKING UNDERGROUND UTILITY LINES



PROPOSED EXCAVATION



TEMPORARY SURVEY MARKINGS



ELECTRIC POWER LINES, CABLES, CONDUIT AND LIGHTING CABLES



GAS, OIL, STEAM, PETROLEUM OR GASEOUS MATERIALS



COMMUNICATION, ALARM OR SIGNAL LINES, CABLES OR CONDUIT

POTABLE WATER



RECLAIMED WATER, IRRIGATION, AND SLURRY LINES

SEWERS AND DRAIN LINES



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# August 11 is 8-1-1 Day

On August 11, we once again emphasize the importance of calling 8-1-1 before you begin any digging or excavation project.

It is also important to identify all underground utilities and utility rights-of-way before begin any construction project that involves a poured or permanent foundation including driveways and patios.

